





Sustainable Baltic Communities – how to make it a success-story?

















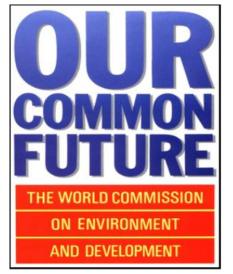
Dr. Elmar Römpczyk LV 2017

UNDERSTANDIG of SD: the very old term "SUSTAINABILITY"

1972: Club of Rome: Limits of Growth.

computer simulation of exponential economic and population *growth* with limited resource supplies

1987: UN-Commission Brundtland:
Our Common Future: Moto:
Fulfill (needs) of present generation without harm to future generations.





criteria is not needs , but abundance with consequences:

- Huge amounts of trash
- Neo-Colonialism

climate

- > resources extraction, depletion
- Global traffic, intensive agriculture
 destruction of Land & Sea &
- Finance System creates money as commodity
 - > finance bubble
- Change of value-systemgreed, fraud, corruption, lobbyism

our un sustainable needs

Our destructive needs - SDG 7

we are responsible for our

Energy policies

Germany's insane energy dream: coal



Estonia's Oil Shale our excessive needs are at least coresponsible for the human contribution to

Climate Change - the world over



Chile (Patagonia)

Norway, Swartisen

Southern Sweden: scarce drink-water

E.K. LV 2017

Ridiculous political reaction to our energy policies:

each year

"UN Climate Summit", already No. 22

besides: a definitely incompetent US-President "argues", that all climate change is pure Chinese invention

instead: China's *Fight for Resources* urges to reliable control mechanisms

Littering doesn't stop at borders.

some 80% of waste floating through the oceans stems from terrestrial sources.

Increased attention is to pay to the huge amount of "to-go"containers (coffee, fast food).



Europe-wide NGOs and Municipalities participate in Anti-Waste-Campaign

"Let's Clean Up Europe"

Groundwaters contamination

through
excessive
manure from
oversized animal
farms

and Monsanto-Products like **Glyphosate** and other pesticides -

only to throw away
30% of that food
and transform it
proudly into
"Bio-Energy"



... and finally EUTROPHICATION

Our destructive needs - SDG 12

And a long list of more destructive "needs"

DRUGS Land-Grabbing human trafficking

Most are by-products of 40 years of so-called free-market economy, and monopolized globalization, and misleading consumption needs

ethnocide in northern Scandinavia (against Sami people)

extractivism (some gold-mines and above all iron-ore mines in

Finland and northern Sweden)

wood extraction in Latvia

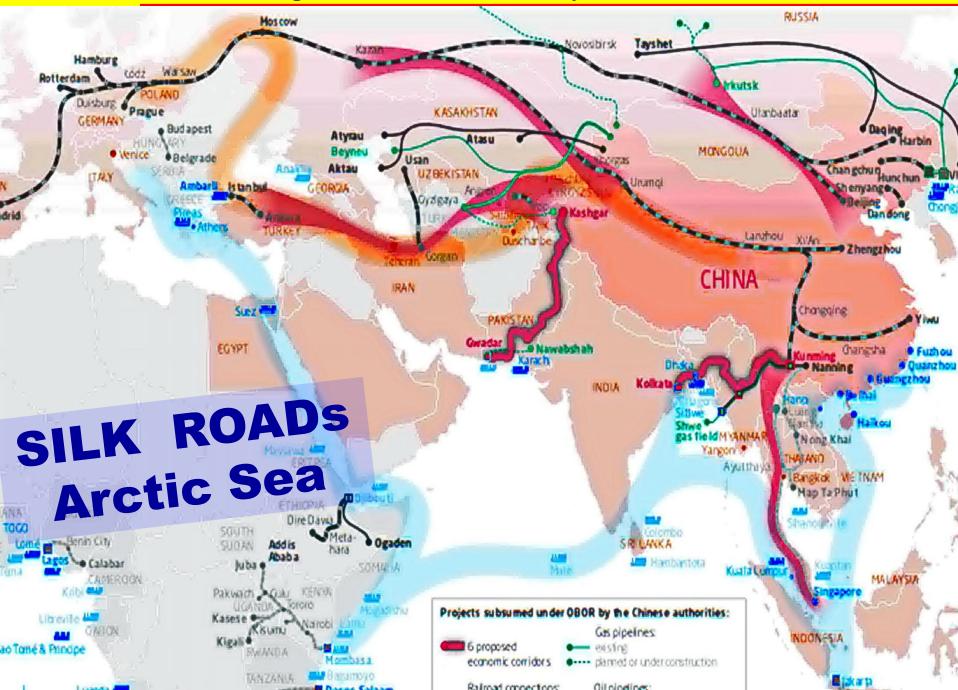
land-grabbing in Lithuania and not to speak of a

blue economy badly managed in our common Baltic Sea

All led into *Earth Overshoot Day*, which was celebrated 2017, August 2

among biggest handicaps to approach sustainability in BSR

Challenge: Destructive Economy & infrastructure - SDG 8, 9



Chinese Fight for Resources

Sea – SAND for Mega-Cities (Doha, Singapore)

Indonesian Islands disappear; damage to Oceans

MINERALS China's Mega-Cities and infrastructure

China's FDI in Australia; Silk Roads, Arctic Sea

COBALT for Batteries, Cells, E-Cars

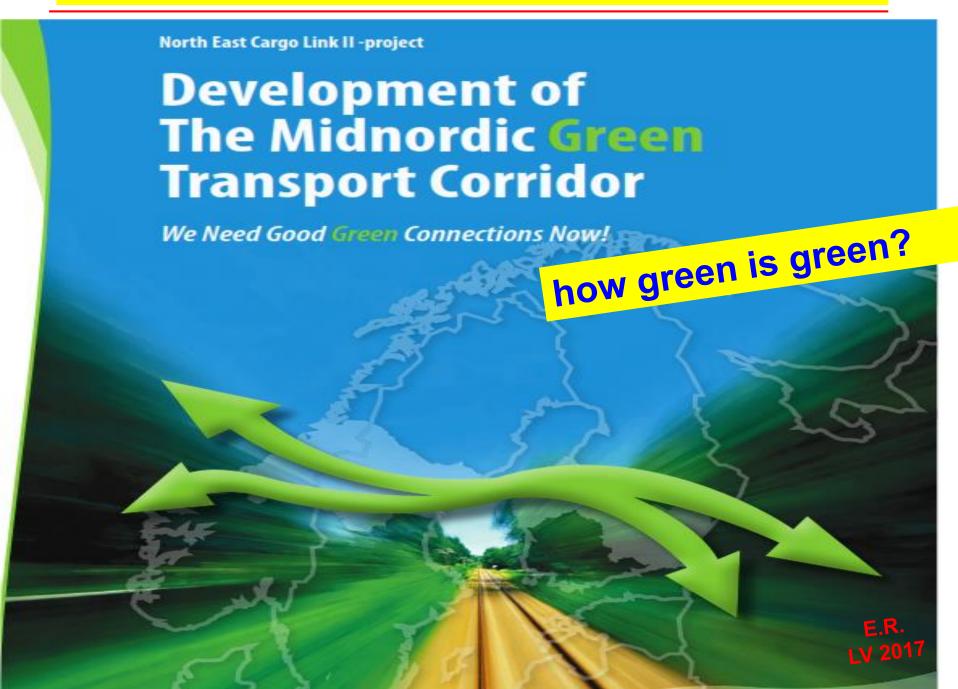
China's FDI in Congo mining

RARE EARTHS Electronic Industries

China defends monopoly



Challenge: Destructive Economy & infrastructure - SDG 8, 9



promoting sustainability in LV

Governance for sustainable development - Latvia-Assessment - SDG 17

Uppsala Centre for Sustainable Development, Dec-2015: "Assessing the status of sustainable development in the BSR" A report to CBSS

Latvia: 3 entities are involved

Commission of SD, SD Institute, National Development Council

Action Top down:

Regions and local governments are required to include SD strategies in their planning documents, these documents shall be developed

in compliance with documents at the national levels

Action Bottom up:

new forms of participation, e.g.

citizen panels,

platform for public innovations

innovation portals

which of SDGs were discussed?

E.R. LV 2017

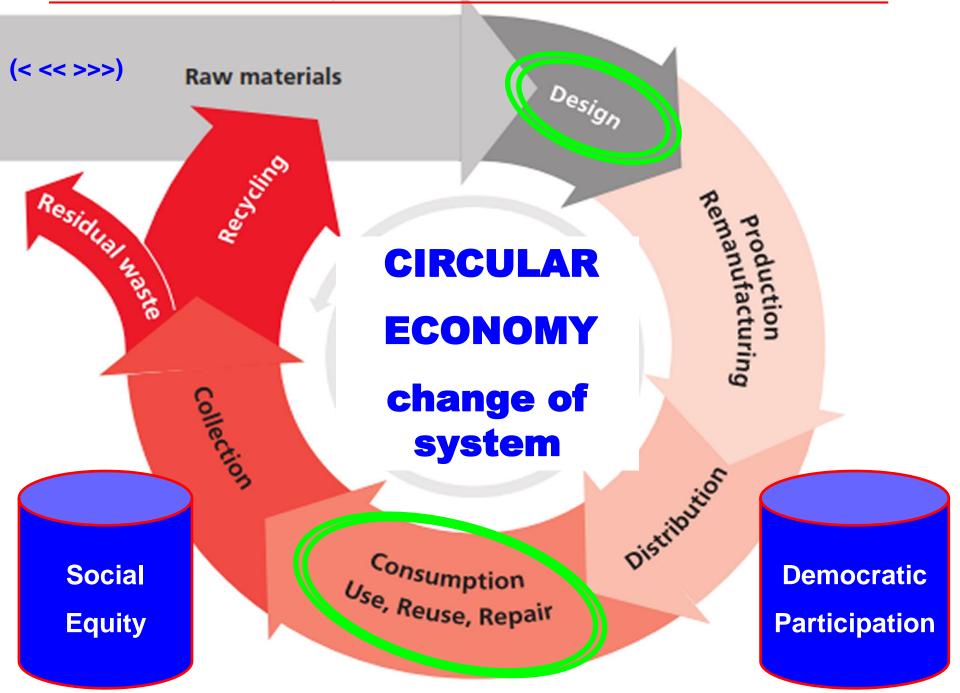
- President Vejonis still had been Minister for the Environment
- Latvian NGOs (Latvian Green Movement, coordinated by a certain Janis Matulis) proposed a campaign to replant an area along the Talsicoast in order to protect the dunes and to mobilize the weekend-visitors to be more carefull with that very sensitive part of nature
- Several representatives of surrounding municipalities and beach hotels joint the call of Latvian Green Movement and supported the initiative
- as international cooperator to the idea I also integrated my office (at that time) of FES-Latvia.
- And all together we met at Talsi beach, carrying several thousands of small fir-trees and diged them in - in front line the minister and part of his cabinet and all the others we worked down to the last fir-tree settling.

Success story - Latvia - SDG 17



BSR comprehensive vision: circular economy & regional cluster

to get back what globalization and free market economy destroyed



systemic approach to Circular Economy

World Circular Economy Forum 2017 (WCEF)

first meeting in June 2017, in Helsinki with the ambition to

integrate Circular Economy to Global Agenda 2030 or SDG

organized by Sitra, the Finnish Innovation Fund

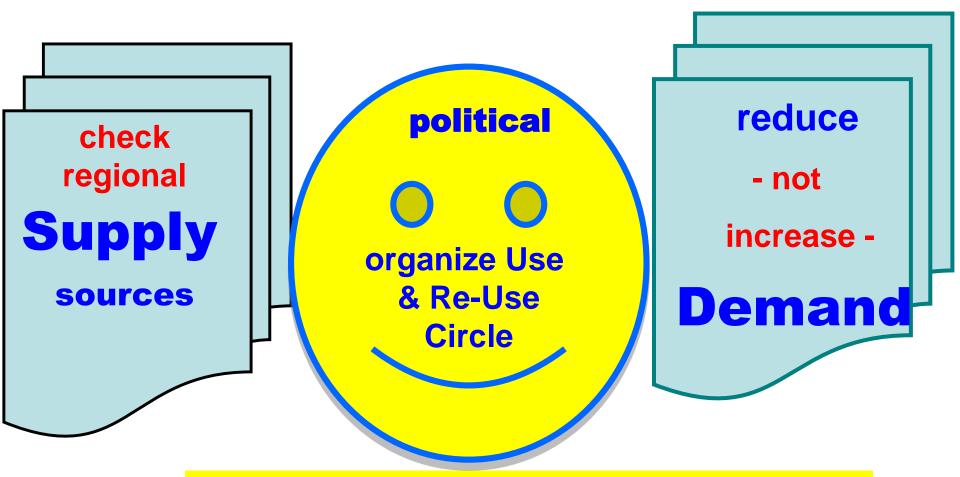
& sponsored by the Nordic Council of Ministers

Also:

Agenda 2030 in Finland:

Key questions and indicators of sustainable development Fin-Govmt, 2016

Decent Economy & Infrastructure - SDG 8, 9



- Regulation towards quality
- > SD development first (not GDP-growth!)
- Conflict-Management & Participation

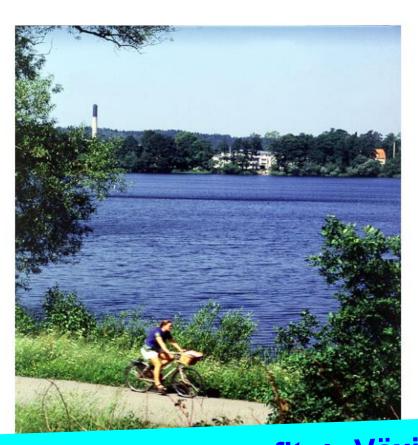






more than (only) environmental benefits

- New jobs in the whole bioenergy chain
- Domestic fuel makes us less vulnerable
- People get comfortable heat and fuel for low price
- Companies develop on a fast growing market
- The university's bioenergy centre
- Publicity environmental tourism and technical visits



foster: check - demand - comprehensive benefits: Växjö









Decisive for lasting sustainability : networking

among BSR communities

Cultural & Green Capitals of EU

culture: Riga - Umeå (2014); Tallin – Turku (2011)

green: Stockholm (2010), Copenhagen (2014), Oslo (2019)

Equity >> Sustainability: Göteborg (2017)

less inequity in living conditions and health will lead to a greater sense of cohesion, trust and participation throughout the city.

EU-Summit in Göteborg, 17.11.2017

Decisive for lasting sustainability: networking

BSR CLUSTERs may help to renew EU

Politics: CBSS (since 1992), HELCOM

Communities: Global Covenant of Mayors for Climate & Energy;

Agenda 21; Aalborg-Charta; ICLEI;

Ports: Baltic Ports Organization

Industry-Sectors: ICT (public admin.); <u>EE = EU-presidency</u>

Forest, Agro, Blue Economy, Energy

Universities: Baltic Science Network; (Adult-) Education

NGOs: Coalition Clean Baltic

Artists: Cultural Capitals of EU / BSR

EU-Interrec: Innovation; management of natural resources;

our biggest need! change of system change of mentality will



Outlook, if

Millennium Goals - left far behind

